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Received From: Head Office

Company Information

SEC Registration No.: PW00001177
Company Name: GLOBE TELECOM INC.
Industry Classification: Telecommunications
Company Type: Stock Corporation

Document Information

Document ID: 110282019000792
Document Type: LETTER/MISC
Document Code: LTR
Period Covered: October 28, 2019
No. of Days Late: 0
Department: CED/CFD/CRMD/MRD/NTD
Remarks: Material Related on Related Party Transaction
# COVER SHEET

**S.E.C. Registration Number**

**GLOBE TELECOM, INC.**

(Company's Full Name)

**THE GLOBE TOWER**

**32ND STREET CORNER 7TH AVENUE, BONIFACIO**

**GLOBAL CITY, TAGUIG**

Business Address: No. Street City/Town/Province

**MARISALVE CIOCON-CO**

Contact Person

**797-4269**

Company/Telephone Number

**CGFD**

Dept. Requiring this Doc.

**17-C**

Material Related Party Transactions Policy

**FORM TYPE**

Secondary License Type, If Applicable

Amended Articles Number/Section

Total Amount of Borrowings

Total No. of Stockholders

Domestic

Foreign

To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned

File Number

LCU

Cashier

Remarks - pls. use black ink for scanning purposes
28 October 2019

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
G/F Secretariat Building, PICC Complex,
Pasay City

Attention: Mr. Vicente Graciano Felizmenio, Jr.
Director, Markets and Securities Regulation Department

Atty. Rachel Esther J. Gumtang-Remalante
Officer-In-Charge, Corporate Governance and Finance Department

Gentlemen:

In compliance with the SEC Memorandum Circular No. 10, Series of 2019 on the Rules on Material Related Party Transactions (RPTs) for Publicly-Listed Companies (PLCs), we submit to your good offices our attached Material RPT Policy. The same shall be updated and included in our relevant manuals and reports.

Thank you very much.

Very truly yours,

ATTY. MARISALVE CIOCSON-CO
Senior Vice President – Law and Compliance,
Chief Compliance Officer, and Assistant Corporate Secretary

CC: THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.
9/F PSE Tower, Bonifacio Global City,
Taguig City

Attention: Ms. Janet A. Encarnacion
Head, Disclosure Department

PHILIPPINE DEALING AND EXCHANGE CORPORATION
29/F BDO Equitable Tower
8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

Attention: Atty. Marie Rose B. Magallen-Lirio
Head, Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department (ICDD)
Policy on Related Party Transactions (RPT)\(^1\)

I. Introduction

The Globe Telecom, Inc. (the "Corporation") Policy on Related Party Transactions ("RPT Policy") institutionalizes the Corporation's assurance on the protection for its shareholders, including minority shareholders, and all stakeholders from abusive RPTs. The Policy also reinforces the corporate governance (CG) principles of complete disclosure, transparency and accountability in relation to such transactions. This Policy adopts the definitions and objectives in the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rules on Material RPTs and other pertinent regulatory bodies as well as the CG principles espoused in the Corporation's Manual of CG.

In case the Corporation's subsidiaries, affiliates and associates do not have their own RPT Policy, implementation of this Policy shall be encouraged.

II. Definition of Related Parties

Related Parties shall mean the Corporation and its substantial shareholders, subsidiaries, associates, affiliates, officers and directors, including their spouses, children and relatives within the fourth civil degree of consanguinity or affinity, legitimate or common-law, if these persons have control, joint control or significant influence over the Corporation.

Related Parties also cover the Corporation's parent, fellow subsidiary, joint venture or an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced or managed by a person who is a Related Party.

III. Coverage and Materiality Thresholds

A. SEC Materiality Threshold\(^2\)

This RPT Policy shall cover all transactions meeting the materiality threshold as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)\(^3\) and other applicable regulatory bodies. RPTs, either individually, or in aggregate over a twelve (12)-month period with the same Related Party, amounting to ten percent (10\%) or higher of the Corporation's total assets based on its latest audited financial statement are covered by this Policy.

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\(^1\) ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard (ACGS) Item B.4, B.5 and D.3, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies (SEC Memorandum Circular No. 19, Series of 2016), and SEC Rules on Material Related Party Transactions for Publicly-Listed Companies (SEC Memorandum Circular No. 10, Series of 2019)


\(^3\) SEC Rules on Material Related Party Transactions for Publicly-Listed Companies (SEC Memorandum Circular No. 10, Series of 2019)
B. Corporation Materiality Threshold
This Policy shall also cover the Corporation’s identified material RPTs. Unless the Corporation’s material RPTs breach the SEC’s materiality threshold, the Corporation’s material RPTs shall not be subject to the SEC Rules on Material RPTs for PLCs.

B.1. Corporation’s Identified Material RPTs

i) Mergers and acquisitions between Related Parties;

ii) Loans or advances to and from a Related Party exceeding Philippine Pesos: One Billion (Php1,000,000,000.00) per transaction or series of transactions, provided that loans or advances to and from individual directors, including their spouses, children and dependent siblings and parents, at whatever amount, shall be conducted at arm’s length and at market rate;

iii) Engagement of services of a Related Party outside of the ordinary course of business with fees exceeding Philippine Pesos: Two Hundred Fifty Million (Php250,000,000.00) per engagement or series of engagements, provided that engagement of services of individual directors, including their spouses, children and dependent siblings and parents, at whatever amount, shall be conducted at arm’s length and at market rate.

B.2 Exclusions to the Corporation’s Material RPTs

For the avoidance of doubt, the following transactions are expressly excluded from this RPT Policy and therefore shall not be subject of the Audit and RPT Committee (“Committee”) review:

i) Compensation of directors and employment of executive officers.

ii) Transactions with similar terms available to all employees generally.

iii) Banking, treasury and foreign exchange transactions, finance or insurance-related services and transactions with a Related Party, if the terms are generally the same as or similar to offers of other banks or insurance companies in the ordinary course of business.

iv) Share transactions such as dividends, repurchase, rights offerings, available to all shareholders on a pro-rata ownership basis.

v) Any transaction with a Related Party involving the rendering of services as a common or contract carrier, or public utility, at rates or charges fixed in conformity with rules, law or governmental authority.

vi) Transfer of resources between parent company and subsidiaries, and between wholly-owned subsidiaries of a common parent company.
Policy on Related Party Transactions

Transactions meeting the SEC\(^4\) and the Corporation materiality thresholds that were entered into with an unrelated party that subsequently becomes a related party are excluded from the limits and approval process required in this Policy. However, any alteration to the terms and conditions, or increase in exposure level, related to these transactions after the non-related party becomes a related party shall subject the RPT to the requirements of this Policy. The prospective treatment should, however, be without prejudice to regulatory actions that may be enforced for transactions determined to not have been carried out on an arm's length basis.

For purposes hereof, any RPT not expressly provided herein shall not be covered by this Policy and therefore shall not be subject of the Committee review.

IV. Guidelines to Ensure Arm’s Length Terms

RPTs shall be accounted for at market prices normally charged to unaffiliated customers or parties for similar goods, services or transaction. No preferential treatment shall be extended to a Related Party that is not extended to a non-Related Party under similar circumstances.

In the review of the RPTs, the Committee shall consider the following factors:

i) the terms of the transaction.

ii) the aggregate value of the transaction.

iii) whether the terms of the transaction are no less favorable than those generally available to non-related parties under the same or similar circumstances.

iv) the extent of Related Party’s interest in the transaction.

v) purpose and timing of the transaction.

vi) whether the transaction would present an improper conflict of interests or special risks or contingencies for the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, or the Related Party taking into account the size of the transaction and the overall financial position of the Related Party; and

vii) any material information or other factors the Committee deems relevant.

For material RPTs subject to the SEC materiality threshold, the Board of Directors shall appoint an external independent party to evaluate the fairness of the terms of the transactions before the execution thereof. An external independent party may include, but is not limited to, auditing/accounting firms and third-party consultants and appraisers.

As a mechanism for price discovery to ensure that the material RPT transactions are conducted at arm’s length terms and to promote the best interest of the Corporation and its shareholders, the Corporation may open the transaction to a bidding process or

consider other price discovery mechanisms that the Committee or Board of Directors may deem appropriate.

V. Identification and Prevention or Management of Potential or Actual Conflict of Interest

The identification, prevention and management of any conflict of interest that may arise out of or in connection with material RPTs are covered by the Corporation’s Policy on Conflict of Interest and the Code of Conduct.

One way to identify, prevent or manage potential or actual conflict of interest as stated in our Code of Conduct and Policy on Conflict of Interest is the obligation of every director and employee, including officers, to immediately and completely declare and divulge in writing to the Corporation his own involvement in any conflict of interest with the Corporation. A Related Party Disclosure Form is also accomplished and submitted on an annual basis. The disclosure shall include all material facts, including the respective interest in the material RPT. The conflicted party shall also abstain from the discussion, approval and management of the RPT or matter affecting the Corporation. In case they refuse to abstain, their attendance shall not be counted for purposes of assessing the quorum and their votes shall not be counted for purposes of determining majority approval.

Members of the Board, substantial shareholders, and officers shall fully disclose to the Board of Directors all material facts related to material RPTs as well as their direct and indirect financial interest in any transaction or matter that may affect or is affecting the Corporation. Such disclosure shall be made at the Board or Committee meeting where the material RPT will be presented for approval and before the completion or execution of the material RPT.

VI. Review and Approval of Material RPTs

The Committee shall review and approve all covered RPTs as provided in Section III above in accordance with the principles of transparency, integrity and fairness, to ensure that they are conducted at arm's length, the terms are fair, and they will inure to the best interest of the Corporation and its subsidiaries or affiliates and their shareholders, including minority shareholders.

If a transaction passes the review of the Committee, the Committee shall endorse the same to the Board of Directors for final approval. Material RPTs shall be approved by at least two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Board of Directors, with at least a majority of the independent directors voting to approve the RPT. If the latter is not secured, the material RPT may be ratified by the vote of the stockholders representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock. For aggregate RPTs within a twelve (12)-month period that breaches the SEC materiality threshold\(^5\), the same Board approval shall be required that meets and exceeds the materiality threshold covering the same Related Party.

Any member of the Committee or Board of Directors, substantial shareholder and officer who has an interest in the RPT under review shall immediately inform the Committee or

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Board of Directors of the circumstance and abstain from participating in the discussion and from voting thereon. However, the presence of such member may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at the meeting of the Committee or Board of Directors.

VII. Whistleblowing Mechanism

The Policy of the Corporation on Whistleblowers as stated in the Code of Conduct shall apply to any abuse of material RPT. Stakeholders, including minority shareholders, are encouraged to communicate, confidentially and without the risk of reprisal, legitimate concerns about illegal, unethical or questionable RPTs through the whistleblower channels provided for in the Corporation’s Whistleblower Policy.

In addition to whistle-blowing made available to shareholders, including minority shareholders and other stakeholders, they are provided with proper guidelines and procedures for right of action and remedies that are readily accessible in order to redress the conduct of the Corporation (e.g., Facebook page, Twitter account, E-mail account, and Hotline numbers), as necessary.


VIII. Restitution of Losses and other remedies for abusive RPTs

Rights of minority shareholders are protected at all times, especially from abusive actions by, or in the interest of controlling shareholders. Globe ensures that its policies and processes cater to the best interest of all its shareholders, including minority shareholders, and other stakeholders. As such, all transactions including RPTs that require shareholders' approval, as determined by the Committee, are submitted to all shareholders, including minority shareholders, for approval. The Corporation shall encourage disinterested shareholders to decide on the matter.

Non-compliance with any of the provisions of this Policy shall result in the nullification or revocation of any agreement or contract involved in the execution of the RPT. A director, officer, employee, or Related Party is subject to the corresponding procedures and penalties under the Corporation’s Code of Conduct and relevant laws, rules and regulations, as applicable.

IX. Disclosure of RPTs

Material RPTs are disclosed in the Corporation’s financial statements, annual reports, and other applicable filings in accordance with the relevant rules and issuance of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) and other applicable regulatory bodies. For material RPTs subject to the SEC materiality threshold, an Advisement Report prescribed by the SEC shall be filed with the relevant

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6 Section 30 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines
regulatory bodies\(^8\) and a summary of the RPTs shall be included in the Corporation’s annual submission of the Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report (i-ACGR)\(^9\). The disclosure includes, but is not limited to, the name of the related party, relationship with the company for each RPT, the nature, and value for each RPT. Such disclosure is also made publicly-available by the company, for the benefit of all shareholders and other stakeholders, through the company website and such other media channels as applicable.

X. Related Party Registry

The record of the organizational and structural composition, including any change thereon, of the Corporation and its Related Party shall be maintained by the Office of the Corporate Secretary and the Committee. Such registry shall be updated quarterly or as necessary with support from the Offices of the Chief Finance Officer and Chief Compliance Officer.

XI. Self-assessment and Periodic Review of the Policy

The Internal Audit (IA) team shall conduct a periodic review of the effectiveness of the Corporation’s system and internal controls governing material RPTs to assess consistency with the Board-approved policies and procedures. Resulting audit reports, including exceptions or breaches in limits, shall be directly communicated to the Committee.

The Chief Compliance Officer shall ensure that the Corporation complies with relevant rules and regulations and is informed of regulatory developments in areas affecting Related Parties and RPTs\(^10\). The Chief Compliance Officer shall aid in the review of the Corporation’s transactions and identify any potential material RPT that would require review by the Board of Directors. He/She shall ensure that the Corporation’s material RPT Policy is kept updated and is properly implemented throughout the organization.

XII. Adoption and Effectivity

This Policy shall take effect immediately. It shall be made available in the Corporation’s corporate website and relevant reports as well as internal manuals or charters for proper dissemination and easy access to all directors, officers, employees and other potentially concerned persons. Amendments to comply with regulatory issuances of the SEC and other relevant rules, regulations and applicable laws shall be deemed adopted and effective upon the effectivity of the regulatory issuance.

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\(^8\) SEC Rules on Material Related Party Transactions for Publicly-Listed Companies (SEC Memorandum Circular No. 10, Series of 2019)


Policy on Related Party Transactions

SIGNATURES

JAIME AUGUSTO ZOBEL DE AYALA
Chairman of the Board

MARISALVE CIOCSION-CO
Senior Vice President – Law and Compliance, Chief Compliance Officer, and Assistant Corporate Secretary